MODERN METHODS OF LEARNING AND TEACHING FOREIGN LANGUAGES

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Abstract: This article focuses on the effective goal of learning foreign language. It also examines various types of modern foreign language learning. Thus, learning a foreign language using modern methods leads to effective understanding and achievement of goals.

Key words: modern, communicative, challenge, innovative, exchange, achieve, realize, approach, emphasize, combine, components, purpose, focus, benefit, repeat, technique, assumption, intelligence, experience.

Modern education in the 21st century should develop using new methods and technologies, which are characterized by communicative aspects. In the modern world, every step leads us to a new challenge and a new path. Because this is the century of development of high innovative technologies. This is an era in which people all over the world exchange information and try to survive in competition and also try to get some kind of higher education.

To create a future and better living conditions, people strive to be successful and work hard. However, to achieve the highest standard of living, one must also be well educated. Life is the best teacher because it gives real life situations, conditions and, of course, a lot of experience.

People must be ready to go through the school of life. At the same time, education plays an important role as a bridge that leads people to professionalism and helps them realize their goals. To do this, they must get an education and work hard. Educational institutions are places where one can receive education from an early age. However, it is also important to consider that educational institutions also bring up students from different families, with different traditions, manners and outlooks on life. In such atmospheres, teachers think about how to behave, understand and find a common language. Government authorities around the world pay great attention to this, given that the student receives the main source of knowledge at school. In our modern society, knowledge and proficiency in a foreign language is the most relevant, communicative and in demand. Learning a foreign language develops memory, attention and intelligence.

Imagine how much more effectively you could learn a foreign language if you knew how to approach learning in a modern way. Traditional language learning

focused exclusively on grammar. Many students focused on studying grammar charts. But modern language learners have different views and use different approaches. We study grammar in a relaxed, conversational manner and in a modern way. Phrases, vocabulary and spoken language are key components of language. Grammar is important. But its function is to hold all the other parts together.

No artist will create a work of art by simply smearing glue all over the canvas. The modern language learning audience does not overload itself with grammar, which unites the entire part of the language being studied. Without ignoring or overlooking it, it should also not be emphasized among other aspects of language learning. You simply need to combine all the components of a language to create a beautiful piece of linguistic art. Audiences also avoid frustration by being relaxed about grammar and viewing grammar as a journey rather than a destination.

This teaching method works for teaching grammar and translating vocabulary from the native language. Thus, the grammar translation method relies heavily on written language, while the direct method emphasizes both listening and speaking. Although this method is not limited to teaching a foreign language, it is nevertheless often used for this purpose. In fact, we can see evidence of it being used in many foreign language classrooms around the world.

The purpose of this technique is to teach language through immersion, using visual aids and demonstrations. The teacher should focus on teaching through inductive teaching of grammar. It should be born in mind that grammatical rules are not taught directly, but are learned by changing different parts of the sentence. For example, in the word "I go in for sports," the word "train" can be replaced with other verbs, such as "attend," "get involved," etc. The direct method of learning a foreign language is quite simple and consists of five parts.

The first one is indicative. To understand a word, the student is shown visual aids such as noun cards. The teacher can use gestures to explain verbs.

Secondly, verbally. Orally correct pronunciation of words or sentences.

Thirdly, there is benefit - students try to repeat what the teacher says.

Fourth, perception - the teacher corrects the students and makes sure that they pronounce the words correctly.

Fifth, repetition - students repeat the word several times. Several repetition methods can be used here, including group, individual, and other exercises aimed at getting students to repeat the word.

Traditional teaching methods include reading aloud, questions and answers, dialogue and speaking practice, dictation, fill-in-the-blank exercises, and others. The biggest advantage of this teaching technique is that it actually teaches the language. In addition, it is better suited for an audience of students who need live communication

in a foreign language. Finally, this method introduces the use of vocabulary teaching, which is still widely used in foreign language teaching to speakers of other languages.

Working from the assumption that a second language is learned in the same way as a first, the focus is not on vocabulary but on teaching students to use the grammar of the foreign language.

Today, communication methods are used more widely than audio language methods, which are not a popular teaching method. Real and everyday events are simulated. We must learn as we go, making mistakes and try to be at ease with the language we are learning. This approach makes language learning fun and stress-free. The modern way is to take the pressure off and enjoy the ride.

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