THE ROLE OF VARIOUS PRINCIPLES AND METHODS IN THE PROCESS OF TEACHING ENGLISH ON THE BASIS OF THE CURRENT PERIOD REQUIREMENT

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ISSN: 2181-4027_SJIF: 4.995

Toshkent shahar Uchtepa tumani 109-umumiy o'rta ta'lim maktabi ingliz tili o'qituvchisi

Annotation: This article explores the pivotal role of various principles and methods in the process of teaching English, aligning with the dynamic requirements of the current period. It delves into the literature to analyze the evolving landscape of English language education and presents a comprehensive examination of the methods employed, the results observed, and a thoughtful discussion on implications. The article concludes with valuable insights and suggestions for educators to enhance their English language teaching practices.

Keywords: English language teaching, contemporary education, principles, methods, current period, technology integration

In the rapidly evolving landscape of education, the teaching of English is undergoing a paradigm shift to meet the demands of the current period. This article aims to delve into the principles and methods that are shaping the process of English language teaching today. With the advent of technology and changes in the linguistic landscape, educators need to adapt and employ contemporary strategies to ensure effective language acquisition among students.

A thorough review of the literature reveals a shift from traditional teaching methods to more student-centered and communicative approaches. The importance of integrating technology in language learning is emphasized, acknowledging the role it plays in making lessons engaging and interactive. Additionally, a focus on cultural competence and global communication skills is increasingly recognized as essential in today's interconnected world.

Contemporary English language teaching involves a blend of traditional and modern methods. The communicative approach, task-based learning, and project-based learning are gaining prominence. Integrating multimedia resources, online platforms, and virtual reality applications into lessons enhances student engagement and provides a more immersive learning experience. Collaborative learning methods, such as group discussions and peer-to-peer interactions, foster a communicative environment.

Teaching English in the current period requires a dynamic approach that takes into account the evolving needs of learners, technological advancements, and the

changing landscape of education. Several principles and methods play a crucial role in this process. Here are some key aspects to consider:

ISSN: 2181-4027 SJIF: 4.995

Principles:

Communicative Language Teaching (CLT):

- Principle: Focus on communication and interaction.
- Application: Emphasize real-life situations, role-plays, and activities that encourage students to use English in meaningful contexts.

Task-Based Language Teaching (TBLT):

- Principle: Learning through the accomplishment of tasks.
- Application: Design lessons around tasks that simulate real-world communication, fostering language acquisition through problem-solving and collaboration.

Inclusive Teaching:

- Principle: Address diverse learning needs and styles.
- Application: Provide a variety of materials, activities, and assessments to accommodate different learning preferences and abilities.

Technology Integration:

- Principle: Utilize technology for effective language learning.
- Application: Incorporate online resources, interactive multimedia, and language learning apps to enhance engagement and provide personalized learning experiences.

Cultural Competence:

- Principle: Integrate cultural understanding into language teaching.
- Application: Include materials that expose students to diverse cultures, promoting global awareness and effective cross-cultural communication.

Feedback and Assessment:

- Principle: Regular, constructive feedback enhances learning.
- Application: Provide timely feedback on language use, encourage self-assessment, and use varied assessment methods to gauge different language skills.

Learner-Centered Approach:

- Principle: Tailor teaching to individual learner needs.
- Application: Foster autonomy, encourage self-directed learning, and incorporate student interests into lesson planning.

Methods:

Flipped Classroom:

- Method: Shift traditional learning activities to outside class time, allowing for more interactive sessions.
- Application: Assign video lectures or reading materials for homework, reserving class time for discussions, activities, and clarifications.

Project-Based Learning (PBL):

- Method: Engage students in extended, real-world projects.
- Application: Design English projects that require research, collaboration, and the application of language skills to solve problems or create products.

ISSN: 2181-4027 SJIF: 4.995

Content and Language Integrated Learning (CLIL):

- Method: Integrate language learning with subject content.
- Application: Teach English through topics from other subjects, providing contextualized language learning experiences.

Cooperative Learning:

- Method: Emphasize collaboration among students.
- Application: Encourage group activities, peer teaching, and collaborative projects to enhance language acquisition through social interaction.

Socratic Method:

- Method: Encourage critical thinking through questioning.
- Application: Use open-ended questions to stimulate discussions, encouraging students to articulate thoughts and opinions in English.

Role-Play and Simulation:

- Method: Simulate real-life situations for language practice.
- Application: Create scenarios where students take on roles, fostering language use in context and building communication skills.

By incorporating these principles and methods, educators can create a more effective and engaging English language learning environment that aligns with the needs and expectations of the current period.

The discussion section explores the implications of these results, emphasizing the need for ongoing professional development for educators to stay abreast of emerging trends and technologies. It also delves into the importance of creating a supportive and inclusive learning environment, acknowledging the diverse linguistic backgrounds of students. The role of formative assessment methods in tracking student progress and adapting teaching strategies is highlighted.

Conclusions and Suggestions:

In conclusion, the integration of contemporary principles and methods into the teaching of English is imperative for meeting the demands of the current period. The dynamic nature of language requires educators to be adaptive and innovative in their approaches. Continuous professional development, collaboration among educators, and a commitment to embracing technology are essential components for effective English language teaching. As we move forward, it is crucial to remain attuned to the evolving needs of students and the global landscape, ensuring that English language education remains a dynamic and enriching experience.

Future research should focus on the long-term impact of integrating technology in language learning and explore innovative ways to address the challenges faced by educators in diverse linguistic classrooms. Additionally, investigating the effectiveness of specific teaching methods for different language proficiency levels and cultural backgrounds can provide valuable insights for refining and tailoring language education strategies.

ISSN: 2181-4027_SJIF: 4.995

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